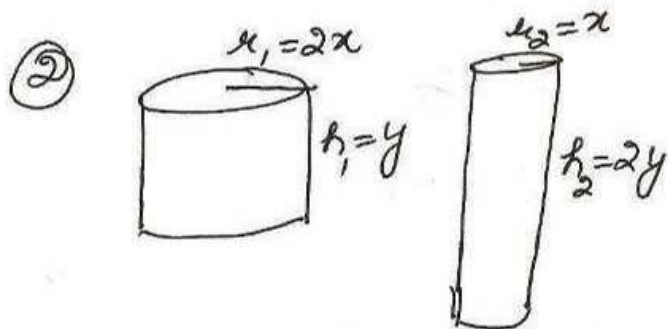


$$\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{\pi r_1^2 h_1}{\frac{4}{3} \pi r_2^3}$$

$$= \frac{r \times r \times 2r}{\frac{4}{3} \times r \times r \times r}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2}$$

$V_2 = \frac{2}{3} V_1$  True



$$\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{\pi r_1^2 h_1}{\pi r_2^2 h_2}$$

$$= \frac{2r \times 2r \times y}{r \times r \times 2y}$$

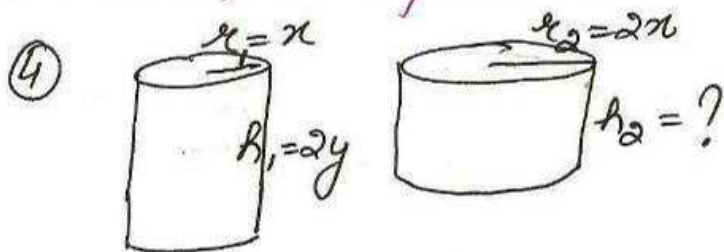
$$= 2$$

$V_1 = 2V_2$  False

or  
 $V_2 = \frac{1}{2} V_1$

③  $\therefore l^2 = r^2 + h^2$   
False

where  $l$  - slant height  
 $r$  - radius  
 $h$  - height



$CSA_1 = CSA_2$   
 $2\pi r_1 h_1 = 2\pi r_2 h_2$   
 $r \times 2y = 2r \times h_2$

$\Rightarrow h_2 = y$   
 $\therefore$  height is halved  
True

⑤

radius of cone base  
 $= \frac{2r}{2}$   
 $= r$  units

height of cone =  $2r$

volume =  $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$   
 $= \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 \times 2r$   
 $= \frac{2}{3} r^3$

= vol. of h.s.

True