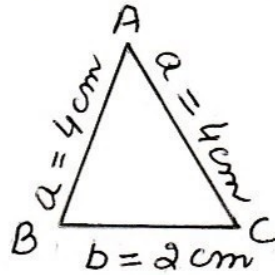


8.



area of isosceles Δ

$$= \frac{b}{4} \sqrt{4a^2 - b^2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{4} \sqrt{4 \times 4^2 - 2^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{64 - 4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{60}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{2^2 \times 15}$$

$$= \frac{2}{2} \sqrt{15}$$

$$= \sqrt{15} \text{ cm}^2 \quad (A)$$

or use heron's formula

9. let $a = 6 \text{ cm}$, $b = 8 \text{ cm}$, $c = 10 \text{ cm}$

$$s = \frac{a+b+c}{2} = \frac{6+8+10}{2} = \frac{24}{2} = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{area of } \Delta = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{12(12-6)(12-8)(12-10)}$$

$$= \sqrt{12 \times 6 \times 4 \times 2}$$

$$= \sqrt{4 \times 3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 4 \times 2}$$

$$= 2 \times 3 \times 4$$

$$= 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{cost} = 24 \times \frac{9}{100}$$

$$= \text{Rs } 2.16$$