

$$\textcircled{9} \quad 2\sin\theta \text{ can be } a + \frac{1}{a}$$

$\because a$  is +ve and  $> 1$

$$\text{let } a = 2$$

$$a + \frac{1}{a}$$

$$= 2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{4+1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2}$$

which is greater than 1

$\therefore$  False [Max value of  $\sin\theta = 1$ ]

$$\frac{(a-b)^2}{2ab} \text{ is +ve}$$

$$[\because (a-b)^2, ab > 0]$$

$$\therefore \cos\theta = \frac{(a-b)^2}{2ab} + 2$$

which is greater than 2

$\therefore$  False [Max. value of  $\cos\theta = 1$ ]

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{10} \quad \cos\theta &= \frac{a^2 + b^2}{2ab} \\ &= \frac{(a-b)^2 + 2ab}{2ab} \\ &= \frac{(a-b)^2}{2ab} + \frac{2ab}{ab} \end{aligned}$$