

In  $\triangle OAC$ ,  $OA = OC$  (radii of same  $\odot$ )  
 $\Rightarrow \angle A = \angle C$  (isosceles  $\triangle$  prop.)  
 let  $\angle A = \angle C = c$

In  $\triangle ODE$ ,  $OD = OE$  (radii of same  $\odot$ )  
 $\angle D = \angle E$  (isosceles  $\triangle$  prop.)  
 let  $\angle D = \angle E = d$

In  $\triangle BAC$   
 $\angle B + \angle BAC + \angle BCA = 180^\circ$  (angle sum prop of  $\triangle$ )

$$\angle B + a + c + c + b = 180^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \angle B + 2a + 2c = 180^\circ \dots \textcircled{i} (\because a = b)$$

$\square ACED$  is cyclic  
 $\angle ACE + \angle EDA = 180^\circ$  (opp. angles of a cyclic  $\square$ )

$$a + d + c + b = 180^\circ$$

$$2a + c + d = 180^\circ \dots \textcircled{ii} (\because a = b)$$

From  $\textcircled{i}$  and  $\textcircled{ii}$

$$\angle B + 2a + 2c = 2a + c + d$$

$$\Rightarrow \angle B = c + d - 2c$$

$$\angle B = d - c$$

$$(\times 2) \quad 2\angle B = 2d - 2c$$

$$= 180^\circ - \angle DOE - 180^\circ + \angle AOC \quad \downarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \angle B = \frac{1}{2} (\angle AOC - \angle DOE)$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{In } \triangle DOE \\ 2d + \angle DOE = 180^\circ \\ \Rightarrow 2d = 180^\circ - \angle DOE \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{In } \triangle AOC \\ 2c + \angle AOC = 180^\circ \\ \Rightarrow 2c = 180^\circ - \angle AOC \end{array} \right.]$$