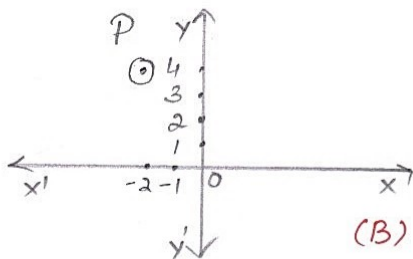


(18) The points in which abscissa and ordinate have different signs will lie in II and IV quadrants (D)

(19) coordinates of Pare  $(-2, 4)$

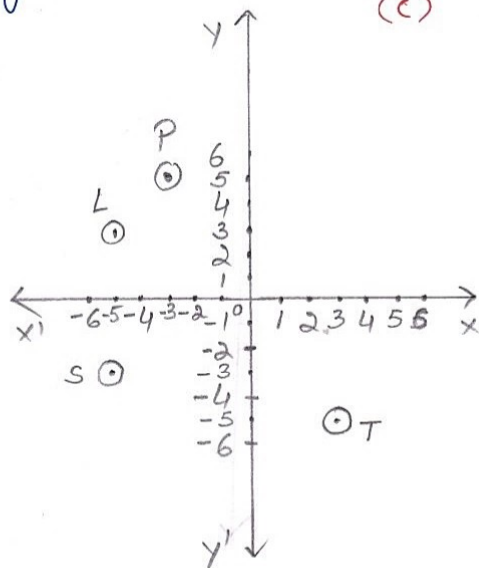


(20) Point identified by  $(-5, 3)$  is L (C)

(21) The point whose ordinate is 4 and lies on y axis is  $(0, 4)$  (B)

(22)  $P(0, 3)$ ,  $Q(1, 0)$ ,  $R(0, -1)$   
 $S(-5, 0)$ ,  $T(1, 2)$

Points P, R, T do not lie on the x axis. (C)



(23) The point which lies on y axis at a distance of 5 units in the -ve direction of y axis is  $(0, -5)$  (C)

(24) Perpendicular distance of point  $P(3, 4)$  from the y axis is 3 units (A)