

- ⑥ let AB represents tower, C and D are points of observation

In rt  $\Delta CBA$

$$\tan(90^\circ - \theta) = \frac{h}{s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cot \theta = \frac{h}{s} \dots \textcircled{i}$$

In rt  $\Delta DBA$

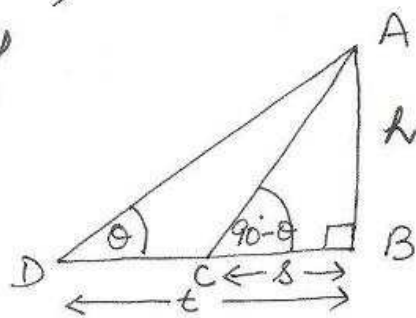
$$\tan \theta = \frac{h}{t} \dots \textcircled{ii}$$

$$\textcircled{i} \times \textcircled{ii}$$

$$\cot \theta \times \tan \theta = \frac{h}{s} \times \frac{h}{t}$$

$$1 = \frac{h^2}{st}$$

$$\Rightarrow h = \sqrt{st} \text{ units}$$



$$[\because \tan(90^\circ - \theta) = \cot \theta]$$

- ⑦ let AB represents tower, C and D are endpoints of shadow

In rt  $\Delta CBA$

$$\tan 60^\circ = \frac{h}{x}$$

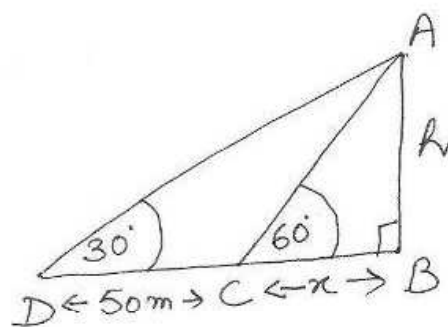
$$\sqrt{3}x = h \dots \textcircled{i}$$

In rt  $\Delta DBA$

$$\tan 30^\circ = \frac{h}{x+50}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{h}{x+50}$$

$$\Rightarrow h\sqrt{3} = x+50 \dots \textcircled{ii}$$



Subs. value of h from  $\textcircled{i}$  in  $\textcircled{ii}$

$$\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3}x = x+50$$

$$2x = 50$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 50$$

$$\therefore h = \sqrt{3} \times 50$$

$$= 50 \times 1.73$$

$$= 86.5 \text{ m}$$