NCERT Exemplar Solutions by Dev Anoop (Bathinda)

Class VIII, Unit 1 Page 3

- 21. The reciprocal of $\frac{-3}{8} \times \frac{-7}{13}$ is $\frac{104}{21}$
- 22. (a)
- 23. Between two given rational numbers, we can find infinitely many rational numbers
- 24. $\frac{x+y}{2}$ is a rational number between x and y
- 25. Which of the following statements is always true?

$$\frac{x+y}{2}$$
 is a rational number between x and y

- 26. The equivalent of $\frac{5}{7}$ whose numerator is $45 = \frac{5 \times 9}{7 \times 9} = \frac{45}{63}$
- 27. The equivalent rational number of $\frac{7}{9}$ whose denominator is 45 $= \frac{7 \times 5}{9 \times 5} = \frac{35}{45}$
- 28. Between the numbers $\frac{15}{20}$ and $\frac{35}{40}$ the greater number is $\frac{35}{40}$
- 29. The reciprocal of a positive rational number is positive.
- 30. The reciprocal of a negative rational number is negative.
- 31. Zero has no reciprocal.
- 32. The numbers 1 and -1 are their own reciprocal.
- 33. If y be the reciprocal of x, then the reciprocal of y^2 in terms of x will be x^2
- 34. The reciprocal of $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{-4}{9}$ is $\frac{-45}{8}$
- 35. $(213 \times 657)^{-1} = 213^{-1} \times 657^{-1}$